

Appendix B

Design Charts And Formulas Used For Wind Wave Runup Analysis

WIND WAVE-RUNUP AND WIND SETUP CALCULATIONS AT WEBB TRACT

1. Data for "fastest mile of record" are from generalized charts published by USACE (1976) and USBR (1981).
 2. Wave runup calculation procedures are from Shore Protection Manual by USACE (1984).
 3. Reservoir setup calculation procedures are from Freeboard Criteria and Guidelines by USBR (1981).

	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk	
Fetch (miles) =	0.34	0.60	1.29	3.22	=> input
Fastest Mile Speed (overland @ 25-ft. level), mph =	60	60	60	60	=> input
1-mile travel time (Figure 3-12), seconds =	60	60	60	60	
$U_{t=3600}/U_{3600}$ (Figure 3-13) =	1.240	1.240	1.240	1.240	=> input
One-hour avg. speed ($U_{t=3600}$) =	48.4	48.4	48.4	48.4	
$U_{t=3600}/U_{3600}$ (60 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
$U_{t=3000}/U_{3600}$ (50 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
$U_{t=2820}/U_{3600}$ (47 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.004	1.004	1.004	1.004	
$U_{t=2400}/U_{3600}$ (40 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	
$U_{t=1800}/U_{3600}$ (30 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.010	1.010	1.010	1.010	
$U_{t=1200}/U_{3600}$ (20 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.020	1.020	1.020	1.020	
$U_{t=600}/U_{3600}$ (10 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.047	1.047	1.047	1.047	

Calculate Wave Characteristics (for Deep Water Conditions I.e. $d/L > 1/2$):

	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk
Average Speed (mph)												
Over Water Adj. = 0.9 (fetch < 10 mi.)												
Calculate U_A (mph)												
60-minute duration = 48.4 48.4 48.4 48.4 43.5 43.5 43.5 43.5 61.1 61.1 61.1 61.1												
50-minute duration = 48.4 48.4 48.4 48.4 43.5 43.5 43.5 43.5 61.1 61.1 61.1 61.1												
47-minute duration = 48.6 48.6 48.6 48.6 43.7 43.7 43.7 43.7 61.4 61.4 61.4 61.4												
40-minute duration = 48.6 48.6 48.6 48.6 43.8 43.8 43.8 43.8 61.5 61.5 61.5 61.5												
30-minute duration = 48.9 48.9 48.9 48.9 44.0 44.0 44.0 44.0 61.9 61.9 61.9 61.9												
20-minute duration = 49.4 49.4 49.4 49.4 44.4 44.4 44.4 44.4 62.6 62.6 62.6 62.6												
10-minute duration = 50.7 50.7 50.7 50.7 45.6 45.6 45.6 45.6 64.7 64.7 64.7 64.7												
FETCH LIMITED												
Calculate H_{mo} (feet)												
60-minute duration = 1.07 1.42 2.09 3.30 1.54 1.86 2.40 3.25 0.20 0.29 0.48 0.89												
50-minute duration = 1.07 1.42 2.09 3.30 1.54 1.86 2.40 3.25 0.20 0.29 0.48 0.89												
47-minute duration = 1.08 1.43 2.10 3.32 1.54 1.86 2.40 3.26 0.20 0.29 0.48 0.89												
40-minute duration = 1.08 1.43 2.10 3.32 1.54 1.86 2.40 3.26 0.20 0.29 0.48 0.89												
30-minute duration = 1.09 1.44 2.11 3.34 1.54 1.86 2.41 3.26 0.20 0.29 0.48 0.88												
20-minute duration = 1.10 1.46 2.14 3.38 1.55 1.87 2.42 3.28 0.20 0.29 0.48 0.88												
10-minute duration = 1.13 1.51 2.21 3.49 1.57 1.89 2.44 3.31 0.19 0.28 0.47 0.87												
FULLY DEVELOPED												
Calculate H_{mo} (feet)												
60-minute duration = 60.5 60.5 60.5 60.5 22.64 22.64 22.64 22.64 55.27 55.27 55.27 55.27												
50-minute duration = 60.5 60.5 60.5 60.5 22.64 22.64 22.64 22.64 55.27 55.27 55.27 55.27												
47-minute duration = 61.1 61.1 61.1 61.1 22.76 22.76 22.76 22.76 55.54 55.54 55.54 55.54												
40-minute duration = 61.2 61.2 61.2 61.2 22.78 22.78 22.78 22.78 55.61 55.61 55.61 55.61												
30-minute duration = 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 22.92 22.92 22.92 22.92 55.95 55.95 55.95 55.95												
20-minute duration = 63.5 63.5 63.5 63.5 23.20 23.20 23.20 23.20 56.63 56.63 56.63 56.63												
10-minute duration = 67.7 67.7 67.7 67.7 23.96 23.96 23.96 23.96 58.48 58.48 58.48 58.48												

Calculate Runup and Setup:

	$d/H_o > 3$	Cot (theta) = 6	R/H_o (Fig. 7-12) = 0.66	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=1.5' - 4.5'$ = 1.056	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk
				k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=4'-12'$ = 1.072	Cot (theta) = 6			

	$d/H_o > 3$	Cot (theta) = 5	R/H_o (Fig. 7-12) = 0.79	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=1.5' - 4.5'$ = 1.072	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk
				k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=4'-12'$ = 1.093	Cot (theta) = 5			

	$d/H_o > 3$	Cot (theta) = 4	R/H_o (Fig. 7-12) = 0.98	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=1.5' - 4.5'$ = 1.093	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk
				k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=4'-12'$ = 1.115	Cot (theta) = 4			

	$d/H_o > 3$	Cot (theta) = 3	R/H_o (Fig. 7-12) = 1.3	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=1.5' - 4.5'$ = 1.12	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk
				k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=4'-12'$ = 1.148	Cot (theta) = 3			

	$d/H_o > 3$	Cot (theta) = 2	R/H_o (Fig. 7-12) = 2.0	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=1.5' - 4.5'$ = 1.148	Short	Medium	Long	Frank Tk
				k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o=4'-12'$ = 1.172	Cot (theta) = 2			

Water Depth (D) =	32	32	32	32	32 => input
Setup (S) =	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.14	

Correct for Ripprap,	2
R/H_o (1.5 slope, Fig. 7-12) =	0.65
R/H_o (Fig. 7-15, $d/H_o = 3$) =	0.65
Correction Factor =	0.325

Some Definitions

H_o = Significant wave height (define only for deep water conditions, see SPM Pg. 3-2)

H_{mo} = Spectrally based significant wave height (SPM, Pg. 3-39)

$H_{mo} > H_o$ (for deep water conditions)

$H_{mo} < H_o$ (for shallow water conditions)

WIND WAVE-RUNUP AND WIND SETUP CALCULATIONS AT BACON ISLAND:

1. Data for "fastest mile of record" are from generalized charts published by USACE (1976) and USBR (1981).
2. Wave runup calculation procedures are from Shore Protection Manual by USACE (1984).
3. Reservoir setup calculation procedures are from Freeboard Criteria and Guidelines by USBR (1981).

	Short	Medium	Long	Mildred Is	
Fetch (miles) =	0.39	0.69	(not used)	2.04	=> input
Fastest Mile Speed (overland @ 25-ft. level), mph =	60	60		60	=> input
1-mile travel time (Figure 3-12), seconds =	60	60		60	
U/U_{3600} (Figure 3-13) =	1.240	1.240	1.240	1.240	=> input
One-hour avg. speed (U_{3600}) =	48.4	48.4		48.4	
U_{3600}/U_{3600} (60 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.000	1.000	1.000		
U_{3600}/U_{3600} (50 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.000	1.000	1.000		
U_{3600}/U_{3600} (47 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.004	1.004	1.004		
U_{3600}/U_{3600} (40 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.005	1.005	1.005		
U_{3600}/U_{3600} (30 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.010	1.010	1.010		
U_{3600}/U_{3600} (20 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.020	1.020	1.020		
U_{3600}/U_{3600} (10 min. duration, Fig. 3-13) =	1.047	1.047	1.047		

Calculate Wave Characteristics (for Deep Water Conditions I.e. $d/H_s > 1/2$):

	Short	Medium	Long	Mildred Is	Short	Medium	Long	Mildred Is
Average Speed (mph)	Over Water Adj. = 0.9 (fetch < 10 mi.)					Calculate U_A (mph)		
60-minute duration =	48.4	48.4	48.4		43.5	43.5	43.5	61.1
50-minute duration =	48.4	48.4	48.4		43.5	43.5	43.5	61.1
47-minute duration =	48.6	48.6	48.6		43.7	43.7	43.7	61.4
40-minute duration =	48.6	48.6	48.6		43.8	43.8	43.8	61.5
30-minute duration =	48.9	48.9	48.9		44.0	44.0	44.0	61.9
20-minute duration =	49.4	49.4	49.4		44.4	44.4	44.4	62.6
10-minute duration =	50.7	50.7	50.7		45.6	45.6	45.6	64.7
FETCH LIMITED								
	Calculate H_{mo} (feet)		Calculate T_m (seconds)		Calculate t (hours)			
60-minute duration =	1.15	1.53	2.63	1.61	1.95	2.79	0.22	0.32
50-minute duration =	1.15	1.53	2.63	1.61	1.95	2.79	0.22	0.32
47-minute duration =	1.15	1.54	2.64	1.61	1.95	2.80	0.22	0.32
40-minute duration =	1.16	1.54	2.64	1.61	1.95	2.80	0.22	0.32
30-minute duration =	1.16	1.55	2.66	1.62	1.95	2.80	0.22	0.32
20-minute duration =	1.18	1.57	2.69	1.62	1.96	2.81	0.22	0.32
10-minute duration =	1.22	1.62	2.78	1.64	1.98	2.84	0.21	0.31
FULLY DEVELOPED								
	Calculate H_{mo} (feet)		Calculate T_m (seconds)		Calculate t (hours)			
60-minute duration =	60.5	60.5	60.5	22.64	22.64	22.64	55.27	55.27
50-minute duration =	60.5	60.5	60.5	22.64	22.64	22.64	55.27	55.27
47-minute duration =	61.1	61.1	61.1	22.76	22.76	22.76	55.54	55.54
40-minute duration =	61.2	61.2	61.2	22.78	22.78	22.78	55.61	55.61
30-minute duration =	62.0	62.0	62.0	22.92	22.92	22.92	55.95	55.95
20-minute duration =	63.5	63.5	63.5	23.20	23.20	23.20	56.63	56.63
10-minute duration =	67.7	67.7	67.7	23.96	23.96	23.96	58.48	58.48

Calculate Runup and Setup:

$d/H_s > 3$	Cot (theta) = 6	R/H_s (Fig. 7-12) = 0.66	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o \approx 1.5' - 4.5' = 1.056$	Short	Medium	Long	Mildred Is
H_s/GT^2			k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o \approx 4' - 12' = 1.072$	Cot (theta) = 6			
60-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.010	0.8	1.0	1.7	0.8
50-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.010	0.8	1.0	1.7	0.8
47-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.010	0.8	1.0	1.7	0.8
40-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.010	0.8	1.0	1.7	0.8
30-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.011	0.8	1.0	1.8	0.8
20-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.011	0.8	1.0	1.8	0.8
10-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.011	0.8	1.1	1.8	0.8

Calculate Runup and Setup:

$d/H_s > 3$	Cot (theta) = 5	R/H_s (Fig. 7-12) = 0.79	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o \approx 1.5' - 4.5' = 1.072$	Short	Medium	Long	Mildred Is
H_s/GT^2			k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o \approx 4' - 12' = 1.093$	Cot (theta) = 5			
60-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.010	0.9	1.2	2.1	1.0
50-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.010	0.9	1.2	2.1	1.0
47-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.010	0.9	1.2	2.1	1.0
40-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.010	0.9	1.2	2.1	1.0
30-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.011	0.9	1.2	2.1	1.0
20-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.011	0.9	1.2	2.1	1.0
10-minute duration =	0.014	0.013	0.011	1.0	1.3	2.2	1.0

$d/H_s > 3$	Cot (theta) = 4	R/H_s (Fig. 7-12) = 0.98	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o \approx 1.5' - 4.5' = 1.093$	Short	Medium	Long	Mildred Is
H_s/GT^2			k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o \approx 4' - 12' = 1.115$	Cot (theta) = 4			
60-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.010	1.1	1.5	2.6	1.2
50-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.010	1.1	1.5	2.6	1.2
47-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.010	1.1	1.5	2.6	1.2
40-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.010	1.1	1.5	2.6	1.2
30-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.011	1.1	1.5	2.6	1.2
20-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.011	1.2	1.5	2.6	1.3
10-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.011	1.2	1.6	2.7	1.3

$d/H_s > 3$	Cot (theta) = 3	R/H_s (Fig. 7-12) = 1.3	k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o \approx 1.5' - 4.5' = 1.12$	Short	Medium	Long	Mildred Is
H_s/GT^2			k (Fig. 7-13) for $H_o \approx 4' - 12' = 1.148$	Cot (theta) = 3			
60-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.010	1.5	2.0	3.4	1.7
50-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.010	1.5	2.0	3.4	1.7
47-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.010	1.5	2.0	3.4	1.7
40-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.010	1.5	2.0	3.4	1.7
30-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.011	1.5	2.0	3.5	1.7
20-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.011	1.5	2.0	3.5	1.7
10-minute speed =	0.014	0.013	0.011	1.6	2.1	3.6	1.8

Wave Runup+Setup for 3:1 (H:V) => 0.6 0.8 1.4

Short	Medium	Long	Mildred Is
Water Depth, ft (D) = 32	32	32	32 => input
Setup, ft (S) =	0.02	0.03	0.09

Correct for Riprap,	
R/H_o (1.5 slope, Fig. 7-12) =	2
R/H_o (Fig. 7-15, $d/H_s = 3$) =	0.65
Correction Factor =	0.325

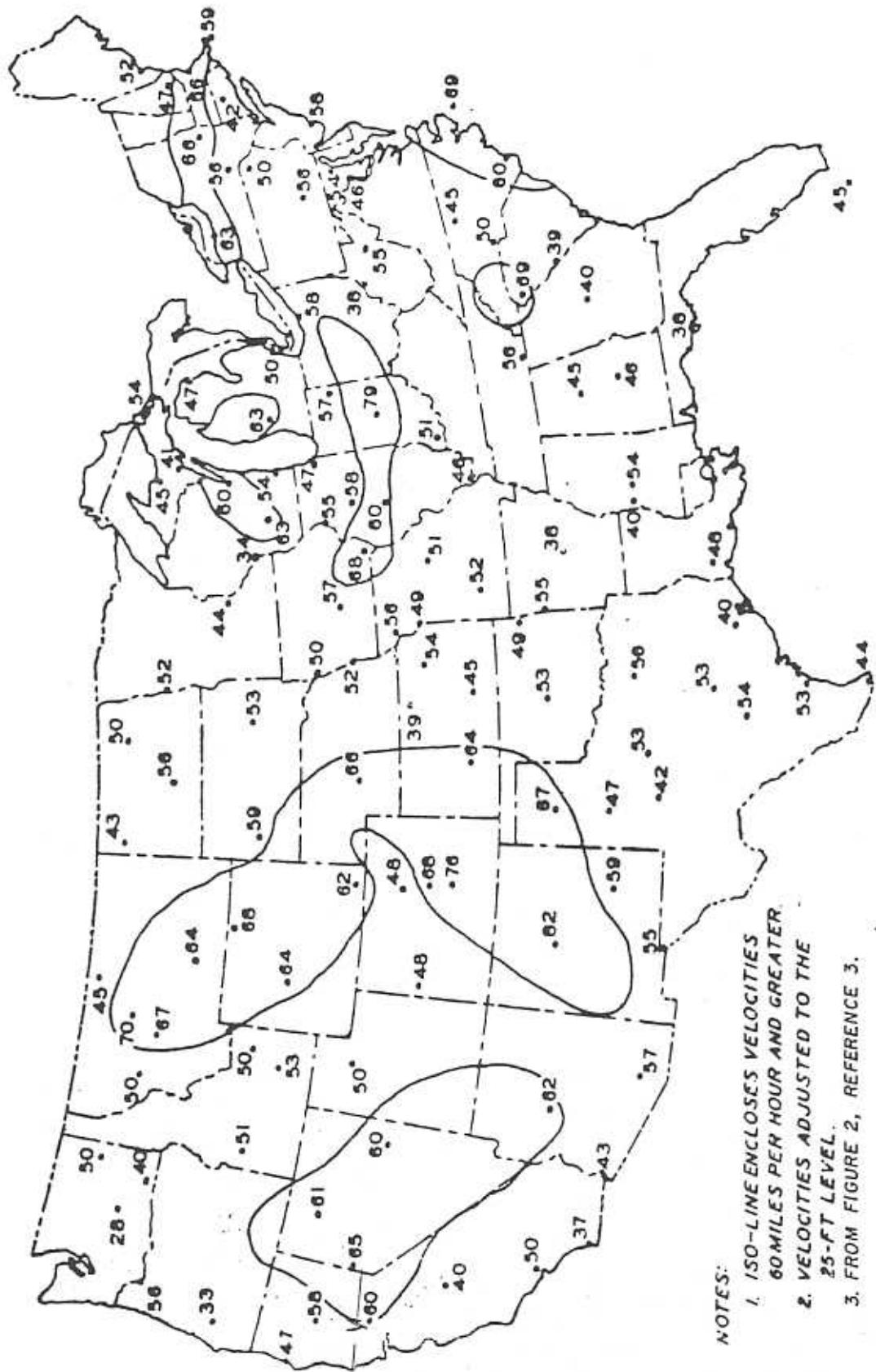
Some Definitions

H_s = Significant wave height (define only for deep water conditions, see SPM Pg. 3-2)

H_{mo} = Spectrally based significant wave height (SPM, Pg. 3-39)

$H_{mo} \sim H_s$ (for deep water conditions)

$H_{mo} \sim H_s$ (for shallow water conditions)

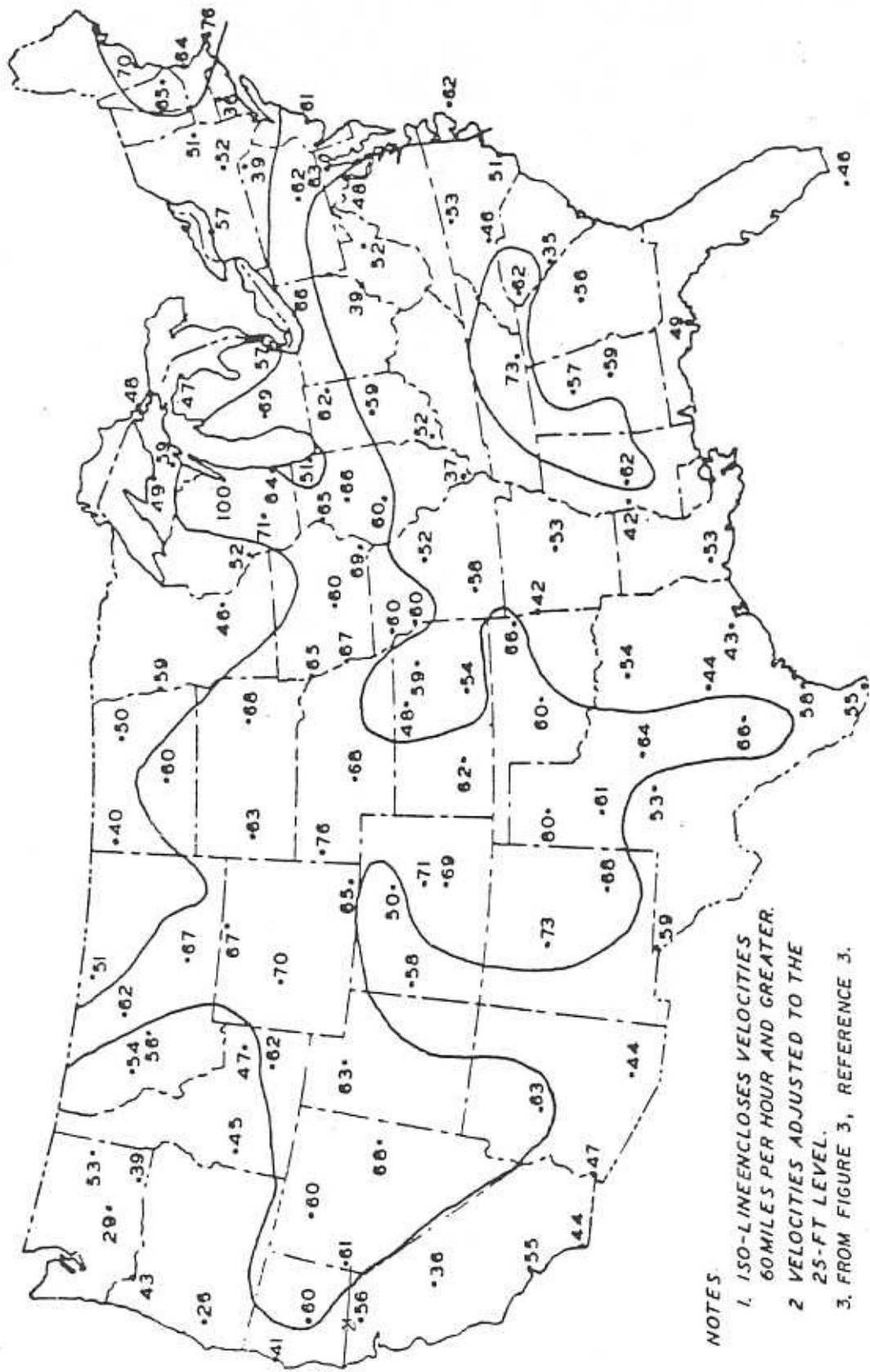


NOTES.

1. ISO-LINE ENCLOSES VELOCITIES
60 MILES PER HOUR AND GREATER
 2. VELOCITIES ADJUSTED TO THE
25-FT LEVEL.
 3. FROM FIGURE 2, REFERENCE 3.

FASTEST MILE OF RECORD - WINTER

FASTEST MILE OF RECORD - SPRING



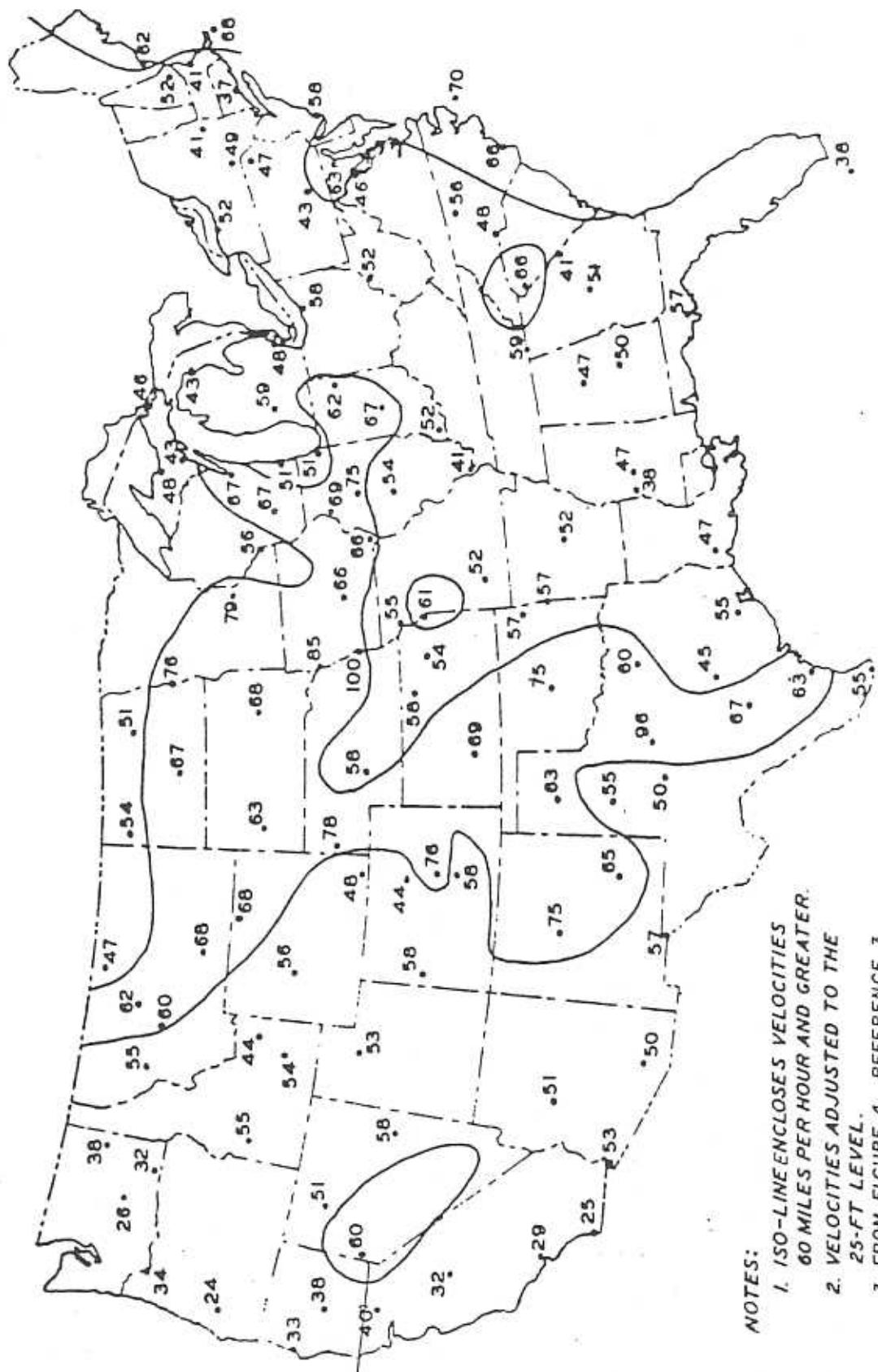
NOTES

1. ISO-LINE ENCLOSES VELOCITIES 60 MILES PER HOUR AND GREATER.

2. VELOCITIES ADJUSTED TO THE 25-FT LEVEL.

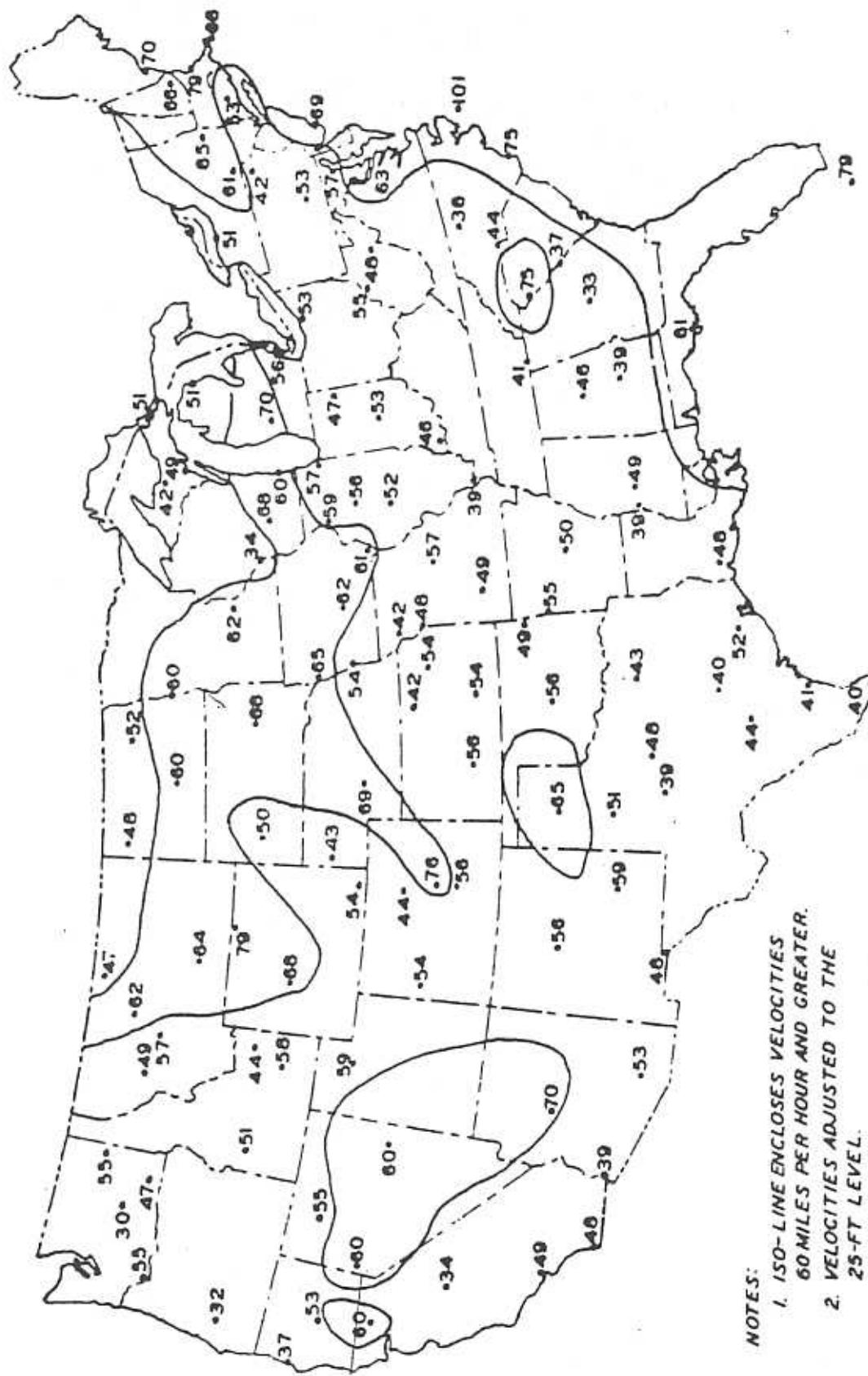
3. FROM FIGURE 3, REFERENCE 3.

FASTEST MILE OF RECORD - SUMMER



NOTES:

1. ISO-LINE ENCLOSSES VELOCITIES
60 MILES PER HOUR AND GREATER.
2. VELOCITIES ADJUSTED TO THE
25-FT LEVEL.
3. FROM FIGURE 4, REFERENCE 3.



FASTEST MILE OF RECORD - FALL

Table 3-2. Deepwater wave forecasting equation.

Dimensionless	Metric Units	
	H(m), T(s), U _A (m/s), F(m), t(s)	H(m), T(s), U _A (m/s), F(km), t(hr)
<u>FETCH LIMITED, (F, U)</u>		
$\frac{H_{\infty}}{U_A^2} = 1.6 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{U_F}{U_A^2} \right)^{1/2}$ (3-33)	$H_{\infty} = 5.112 \times 10^{-4} U_A F^{1/2}$ (3-33a)	$H_{\infty} = 1.616 \times 10^{-2} U_A F^{1/2}$ (3-33b)
$\frac{T_H}{U_A} = 2.857 \times 10^{-1} \left(\frac{U_F}{U_A^2} \right)^{1/3}$ (3-34)	$T_H = 6.238 \times 10^{-2} \left(U_A F \right)^{1/3}$ (3-34a)	$T_H = 6.236 \times 10^{-1} \left(U_A F \right)^{1/3}$ (3-34b)
$\frac{t}{U_A} = 6.88 \times 10^{-1} \left(\frac{U_F}{U_A^2} \right)^{2/3}$ (3-35)	$t = 3.215 \times 10^1 \left(\frac{F^2}{U_A} \right)^{1/3}$ (3-35a)	$t = 8.93 \times 10^{-1} \left(\frac{F^2}{U_A} \right)^{1/3}$ (3-35b)
<u>FULLY DEVELOPED</u>		
$\frac{H_{\infty}}{U_A^2} = 2.433 \times 10^{-1}$ (3-36)	$H_{\infty} = 2.482 \times 10^{-2} U_A^2$ (3-36a)	$H_{\infty} = 2.4821 \times 10^{-2} U_A^2$ (3-36b)
$\frac{T_H}{U_A} = 8.134$ (3-37)	$T_H = 8.30 \times 10^{-1} U_A$ (3-37a)	$T_H = 8.30 \times 10^{-1} U_A$ (3-37b)
$\frac{t}{U_A} = 7.15 \times 10^{-4}$ (3-38)	$t = 7.296 \times 10^3 U_A$ (3-38a)	$t = 2.027 U_A$ (3-38b)
<u>NOTATIONS</u>	$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$	$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ 1 kilometer = 1000 m 1 hour = 3600 s

	English Units	
	H(ft), T(s), U _A (ft/s), F(ft), t(s)	H(ft), T(s), U _A (mi/hr), F(mi), t(hr)
<u>FETCH LIMITED (F, U)</u>		
$\frac{H_{\infty}}{U_A^2} = 2.82 \times 10^{-4} U_A F^{1/2}$ (3-33c)	$H_{\infty} = 3.01 \times 10^{-2} U_A F^{1/2}$ (3-33d)	$H_{\infty} = 3.714 \times 10^{-2} U_A F^{1/2}$ (3-33e)
$T_H = 2.825 \times 10^{-2} \left(U_A F \right)^{1/3}$ (3-34c)	$T_H = 5.59 \times 10^{-1} \left(U_A F \right)^{1/3}$ (3-34d)	$T_H = 6.14 \times 10^{-1} \left(U_A F \right)^{1/3}$ (3-34e)
$t = 2.16 \times 10^1 \left(\frac{F^2}{U_A} \right)^{1/3}$ (3-35c)	$t = 1.603 \left(\frac{F^2}{U_A} \right)^{1/3}$ (3-35d)	$t = 1.680 \left(\frac{F^2}{U_A} \right)^{1/3}$ (3-35e)
<u>FULLY DEVELOPED</u>		
$\frac{H_{\infty}}{U_A^2} = 7.553 \times 10^{-3} U_A^2$ (3-36c)	$H_{\infty} = 1.625 \times 10^{-2} U_A^2$ (3-36d)	$H_{\infty} = 2.154 \times 10^{-2} U_A^2$ (3-36e)
$T_H = 2.53 \times 10^{-1} U_A$ (3-37c)	$T_H = 3.706 \times 10^{-1} U_A$ (3-37d)	$T_H = 4.244 \times 10^{-1} U_A$ (3-37e)
$t = 2.220 \times 10^3 U_A$ (3-38c)	$t = 9.045 \times 10^{-1} U_A$ (3-38d)	$t = 1.04 U_A$ (3-38e)
<u>NOTATIONS</u>	$g = 32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2$ 1 mile = 5280 ft miles per hour = 1.467 ft/s 1 hour = 3600 s	$g = 32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2$ 1 nautical mile = 6080 ft 1 knot = 1.689 ft/s 1 hour = 3600 s

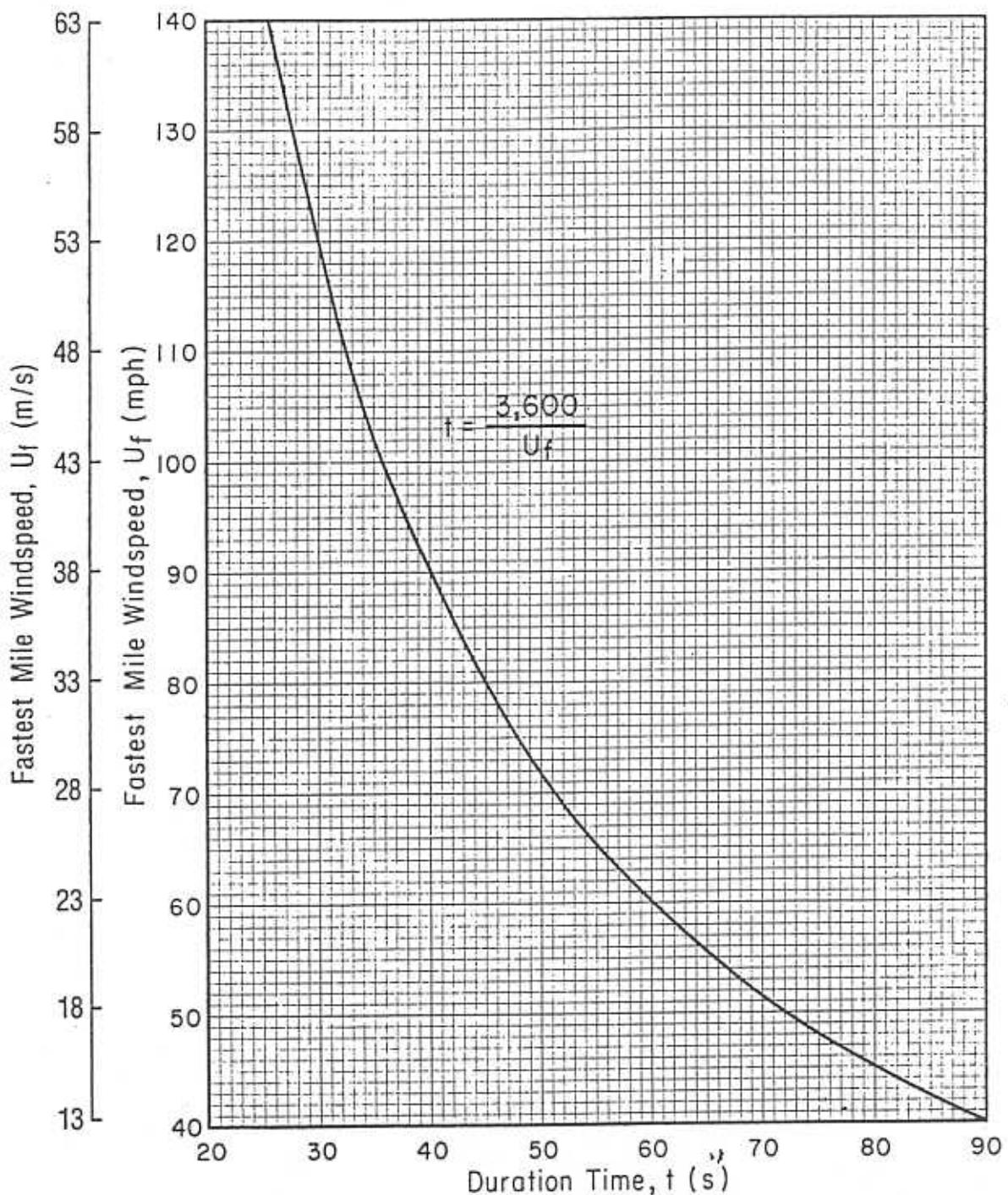
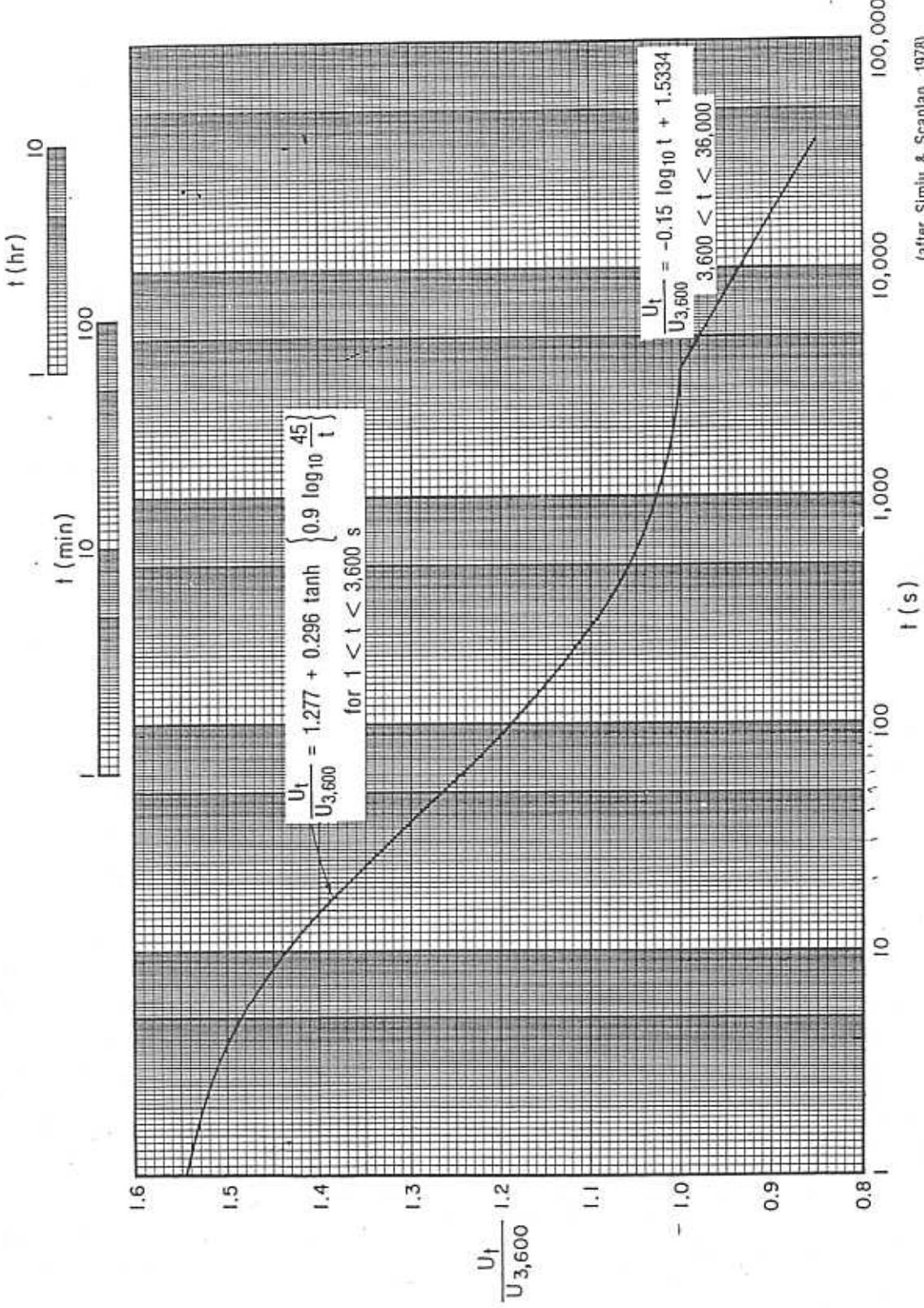


Figure 3-12. Duration of the fastest mile windspeed as a function of windspeed.



(after Simiu & Scanlan, 1978)

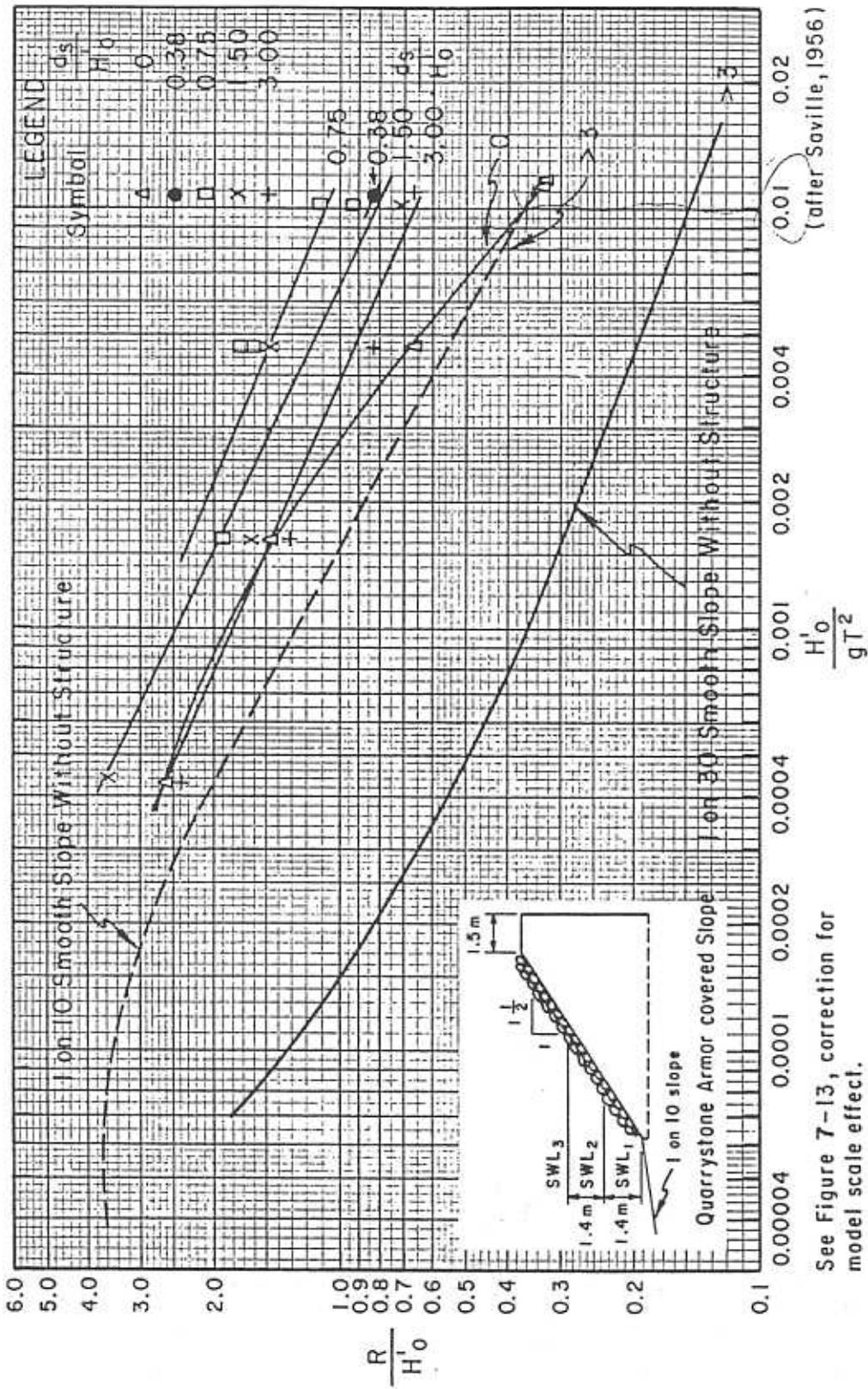
Figure 3-13.

Ratio of windspeed of any duration, U_t , to the 1-hour windspeed,
 $U_{3,600}$

H_o'/gT^2

Figure 7-15. Wave runup on impermeable, quarrystone, 1:1.5 slope versus $\frac{H_o'}{gT^2}$.

(after Saville, 1956)



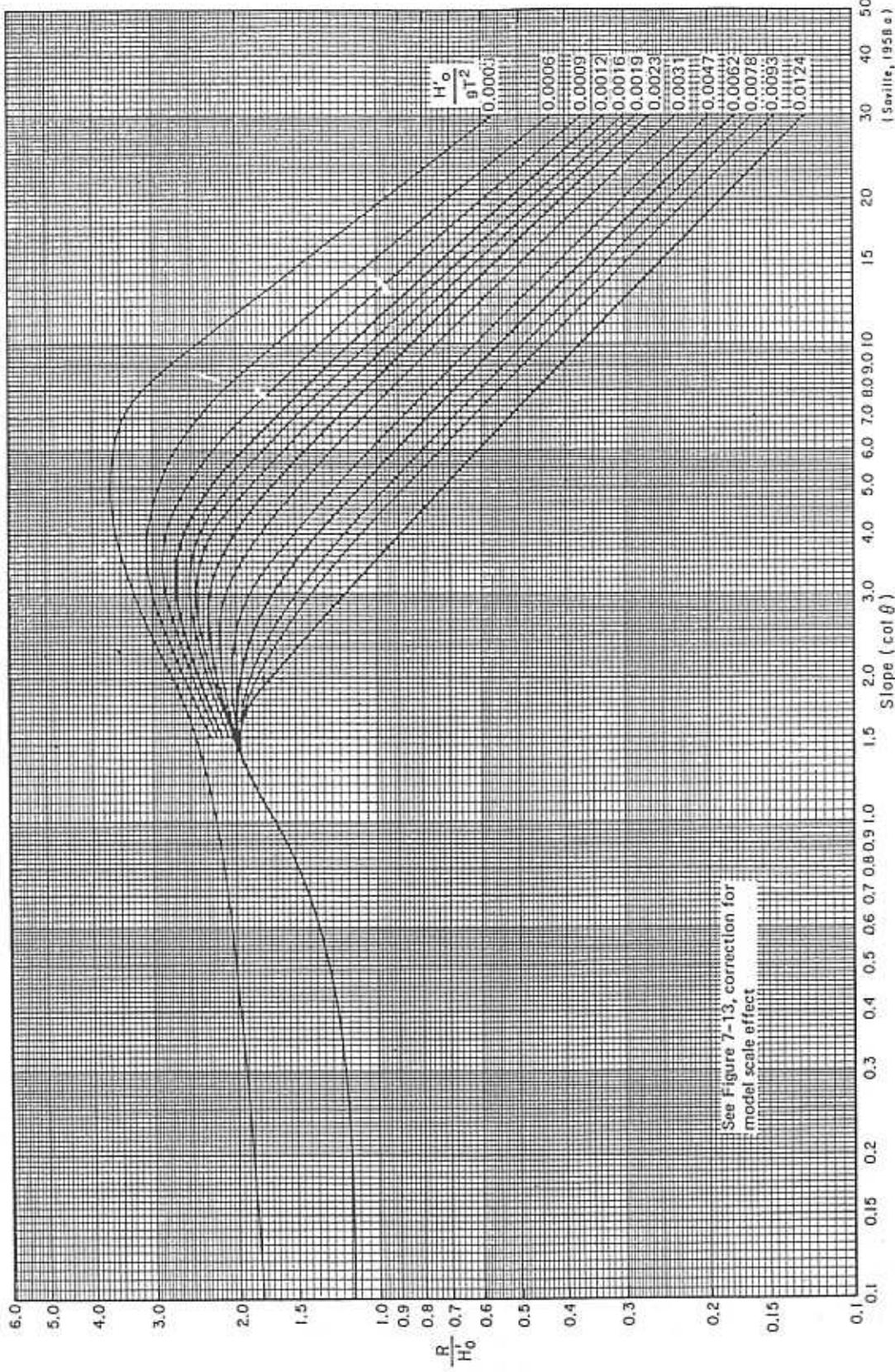


Figure 7-12. Wave runup on smooth, impermeable slopes when $d_g/H_0 \geq 3.0$.

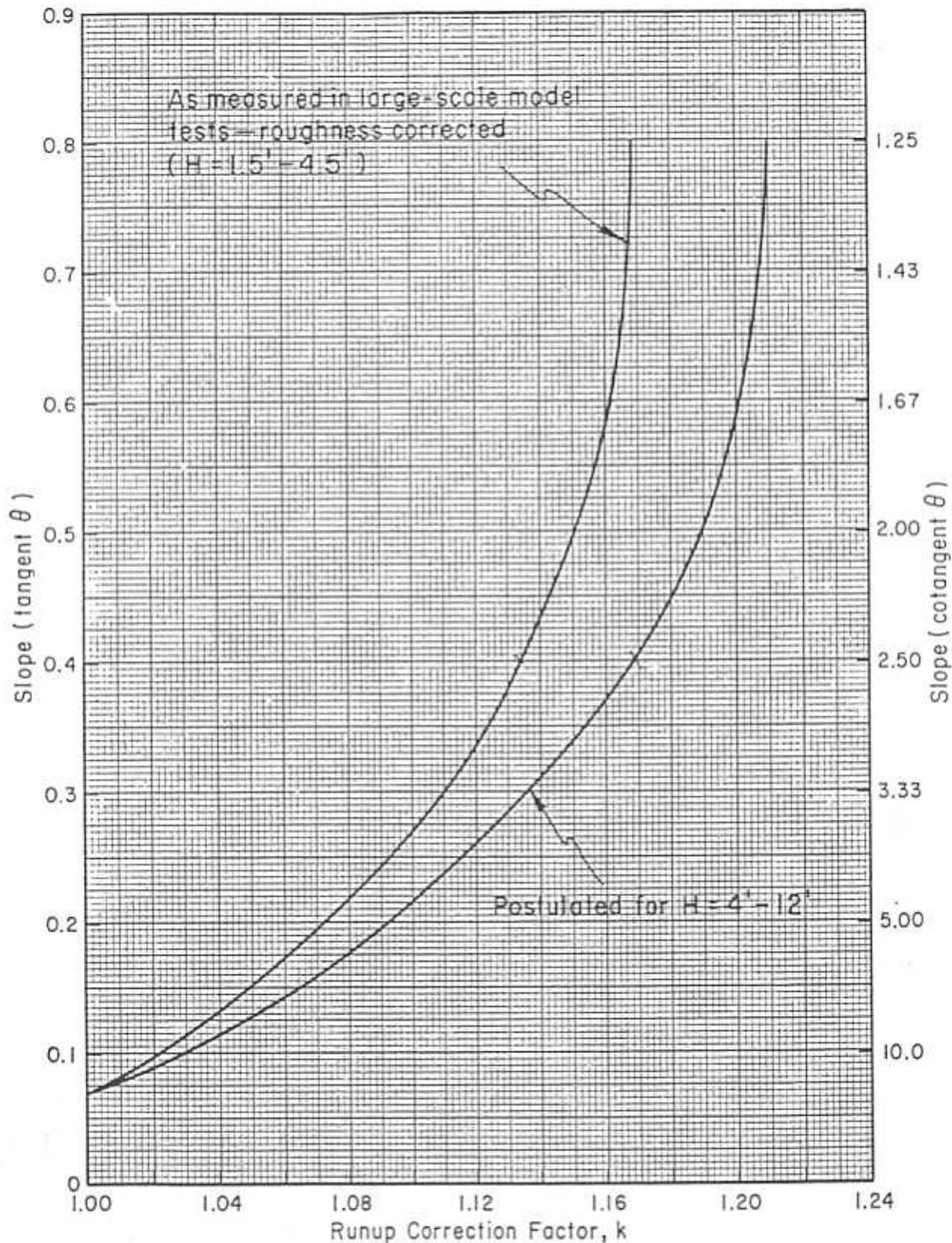


Figure 7-13. Runup correction for scale effects.

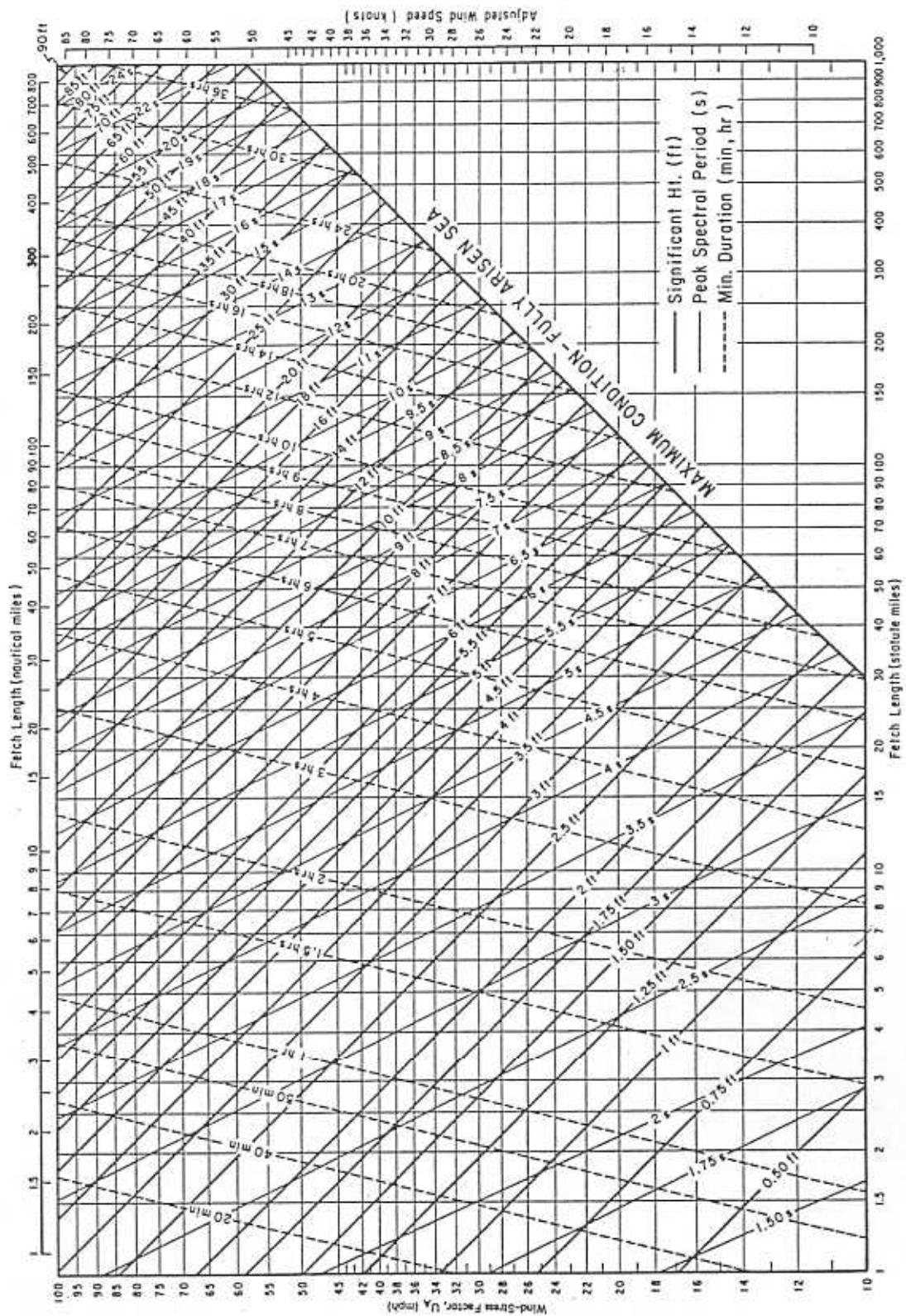


Figure 3-24. Nomograms of deepwater significant wave prediction curves as functions of windspeed, fetch length, and wind duration (English units).